Fertigation for Blackberry Production in Florida

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How Many Meals Do Plants Take Daily?





Hydroponics: Plants eat constantly



https://hydroponicpassion.blogspot.com/p/aeroponic-system.html

What Is Fertigation?

- Fertigation is the practice of applying fertilizers through irrigation systems
- Typically drip or sprinkler systems.
- It allows precise timing and placement of nutrients in Synchronize with crop water demand.

What Advantages?

- 1. Precise timing
- 2. Precise placement of nutrients
- 3. Synchronize with crop water demand
- 4. Micro dosages of nutrients
- 5. Minimal leaching losses
- 6. Saving labor
- 7. Better yield

Why Fertigation?

Because it allows precise timing and placement of nutrients in sync with crop water demand.

How to Fertigate Your Crop?

- Sprinkler irrigation systems.
- Drip irrigation systems.



Fertigation via Drip Irrigation



Steps Overview



IRRIGATION SETUP

FERTIGATION SYSTEM SFTUP

SYSTEM CHECKS



IMPLEMENTATION

Step 1 - Drip Irrigation Setup

Main-Step Installation

1/2" or 31/4" polyethylene tubing

Field Production



Potted Plants



Tubing with built-in, anti-clogging emitters

Emitter Placement



Position emitters near each plant/pot Adjust flow rates to meet plant water needs and avoid under/over-watering

Key Components for Irrigation Systems



Step 2 - Fertigation System Setup

After installing drip irrigation, set up a fertigation system to deliver liquid or water-soluble fertilizers directly to plant roots.

Venturi Injector:

X Key Features:

- Water- or power-driven.
- Cost-effective; ideal for small farms and lowpressure systems.





Dosatron Injector:

- Water-powered;
- Delivers precise ratios like 1:50 or 1:100 (water:Fertilizer).



Step 2 - Fertigation System Setup (II)

Peristaltic pump:

- Compressor-release mechanism.
- Controlled delivery of fertilizers (dosage)



Centrifugal Pump:

- Powered by gas-fueled engine.
- Larger use-case (Higher yield capacity).



Fertilizer Tank: Stores and feeds liquid fertilizer to the injector.

- **Why It Matters:**
- Delivers **nutrients directly to roots** for better absorption.
- Ensures accurate and consistent dosing, optimizing growth and yield.
- Reduces fertilizer waste and environmental impact.



Use **liquid or fully water-soluble fertilizers** only

Choose the Right Fertilizer



Select **fertigation-grade fertilizers** for optimal absorption and system compatibility



Avoid fertilizers that form scum, sludge, or sediment (Russan, 2018)

Pre-mix in a separate container before injection

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Stir continuously to prevent settling (Hakkim et al., 2016)

Fertilizer Selection



Conduct soil analysis: reveals pH, nutrients, texture, OM
Perform leaf tissue analysis: shows realtime nutrient status
Combine both for precise nutrient targeting (Strik et al., 2016)

•Choose a water-soluble fertilizer like Dyno Flo 5-2-8 YZ

•Ensures even nutrient delivery via irrigation

- •Designed for fertigation with optimal NPK ratios
- •Include micronutrients like **Microplex** if needed
- •Supports **yield and quality** (Sriti et al., 2024)



Fertilizer needed: \rightarrow 2.2 lbs \div 0.05 = 44 lbs Dyno Flo

Convert to gallons: \rightarrow 44 ÷ 10.24 = **4.3 gallons**

Irrigation Flow Info

3,840 ft dripline @ 0.5 GPM/100 ft = **19.2 GPM**

Dilution Factor: 250 (for 200 ppm N)

Injection Rate: 19.2 ÷ 250 = **0.077 GPM** ≈ **290.7 mL/min**

Injection Time: 4.4 gal ÷ 0.077 GPM = ~57 minutes

Calculation Summary

Fertilizer Dosage Calculation -A Stepby-Step Guide

Blackberry Fertigation Example (PSREU, Citra, FL)

Fertigation Area: 19,200 sq. ft. (0.44 acres)

Fertilizer: Dyno Flo 5-2-8 YZ (5% N, 10.24 lbs/gal)

Target: 5 lbs N/acre/week \rightarrow 2.2 lbs N needed

PREPARATION: Mixing Instructions
Add 25 gallons water into fertigation tank
Add 4.4 gallons Dyno Flo 5-2-8 YZ
Add 0.25 oz Microplex per application

Running Fertigation

Mix	Mix thoroughly—no particles or sludge
Start	💉 Start Fertigation
Pressurize	Pressurize irrigation system (run 10 mins before)
Begin	Begin fertigation after pressure is stabilized
Ensure	Ensure uniform application through monitored flow

Post-Fertigation Monitoring

After Application	Flush the system with clean water to prevent clogs	Inspect plants for signs of nutrient uptake
Record- Keeping & Assessment	Log: • Amount applied • Time & duration • Observations	Evaluate plant response and adjust dosage as needed

Goal: Promote healthy growth, avoid nutrient imbalances, and fine-tune future fertigation schedules



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Questions/Comments?

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