### In-Service Training (IST#: 32369)/CEU Roundup (FDACS Program # 39061)/

## CCA CEU Tracking #: FL 54737 thru FL 54742

#### New Technology for Commercial Vegetable and Fruit Production (XIII)

Wednesday, February 26, 2025, from 8:45 to 4:00 PM

Blueberry classroom 154 (behind Fifield) & via Canvas

County:	City:	Zip code:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ (Use the <u>same name or symbol</u> for pre- and post-tests)

# **Post-test**

#### **Presentation Title:**

# Working With Growers to Identify, Correct, and Prevent Herbicide Injury

Presenter: Dr. Peter Dittmar (352-273-4771) pdittmar@ufl.edu

- 1. When we help a farmer with herbicide injury; we will not:
  - A. Offer solutions for the current season
  - **B.** Contact a state or regional specialist
  - C. Offer solutions for next season to prevent the problem from occurring again
  - D. Throw up our hands in exasperation
- 2. The herbicide label will provide information on the appropriate rate, GPA, and crops that are safe.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 3. To determine if the crop has herbicide injury, we should also ask about the following:
  - A. The weather before and after planting
  - B. When the crop was planted
  - C. Any fertilizer applications
  - D. All the above
- 4. The application rate of the herbicide is critical for ensuring effective coverage of the target area when selecting nozzles. Using an air induction nozzle at 20 GPA results in \_\_\_\_\_\_ coverage of the target area.
  - A: 21%.
  - B: 28%.

C: 47%.

D: none of the above.