# In-Service Training (<u>IST#: 32369</u>)/CEU Roundup (<u>FDACS Program # 39061</u>)/

CCA CEU Tracking #: FL 54737 thru FL 54742

# New Technology for Commercial Vegetable and Fruit Production (XIII)

Wednesday, February 26, 2025, from 8:45 to 4:00 PM

## Blueberry classroom 154 (behind Fifield) & via Canvas

County:	City:	Zip code:	
Name:	(Use the same name or sym	Use the <u>same name or symbol</u> for pre- and post-tests)	

# Pre-test

### **Presentation Title:**

## Nutrient Management in Greenhouse Hydroponic Vegetable Production

Presenter: Dr. Pavlos Tsouvaltzis (239-658-3410) ptsouv@ufl.edu

### 1. Two of the disadvantages of vegetables production in hydroponic are:

- A: The elimination of weeds from the crop.
- B: The automation and mechanization of cultivation operations.
- C:.The cost of the initial installation of a hydroponic unit.
- D: The complexity in the handling of water and nutrient solutions.

### 2. In an open hydroponic system, the common practice is the use of:

- A: two containers (A & B) for water-soluble fertilizers and a third one (C) for the acid.
- B:. one container (A) for water-soluble fertilizers and a second one (B) for the acid.
- C:. one container (A) for water-soluble fertilizers and two more (B & C) for an acid and a base, respectively.
- D: two containers (A and B) for water-soluble fertilizers and two more (B & C) for an acid and a base, respectively.

#### 3. During the preparation of the nutrient solutions, the grower should regularly monitor:

- A: the color of the solution.
- B:. the pH of the solution.
- C:. the electrical conductivity of the solution.
- D:. the temperature of the solution.

#### 4. Soilless cultivations are usually irrigated:

- A: once per day, usually in the morning before sunrise.
- B: once per day, usually during the night after the sunset.
- C: once every other day.
- D: multiple times during the day.