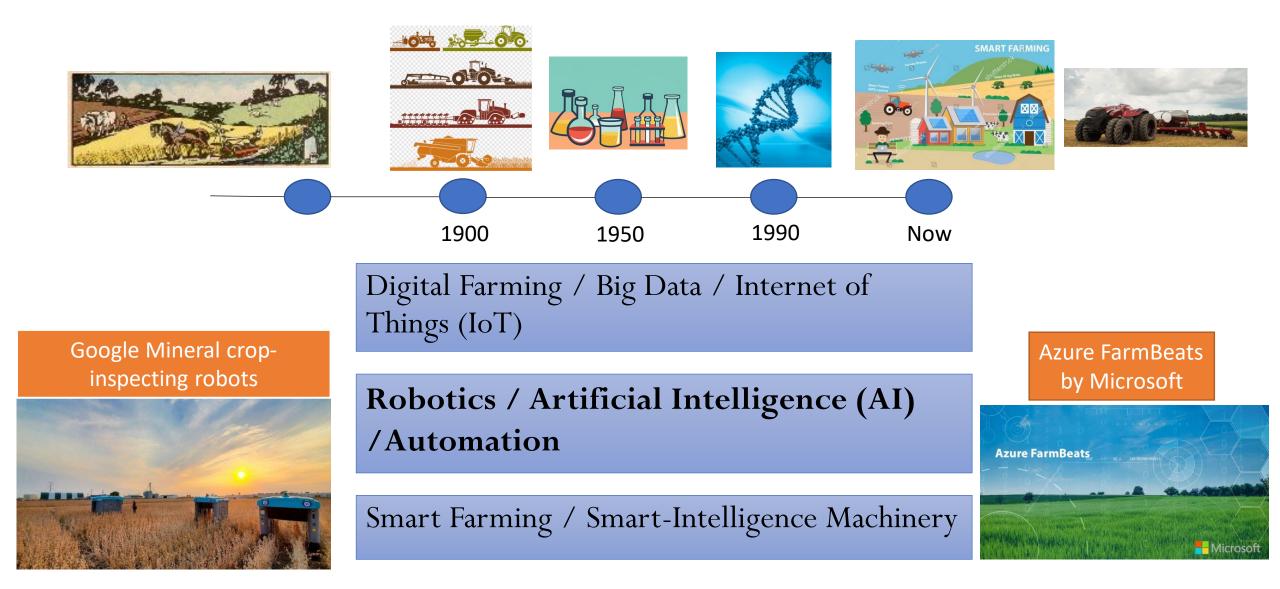


# UF IFAS

# Artificial Intelligence for Precision Agriculture

Yiannis Ampatzidis Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineer UF/IFAS SWFREC Phone: 239.658.3451 Email: i.ampatzidis@ufl.edu @PrecAgSWFREC

# 4<sup>th</sup> Agricultural Revolution



### Artificial Intelligence for Robotic Harvesting

Robotic Apple Harvester Abundant Robotics



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mS0coCmXiY U Automatic fruit picker FF Robotics



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UaL3UxUclKY

#### Harvest Croo Robotic: Strawberry Harvester

Agrobot Strawberry Harvester Human vs Machine



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mlpu-XFZjno



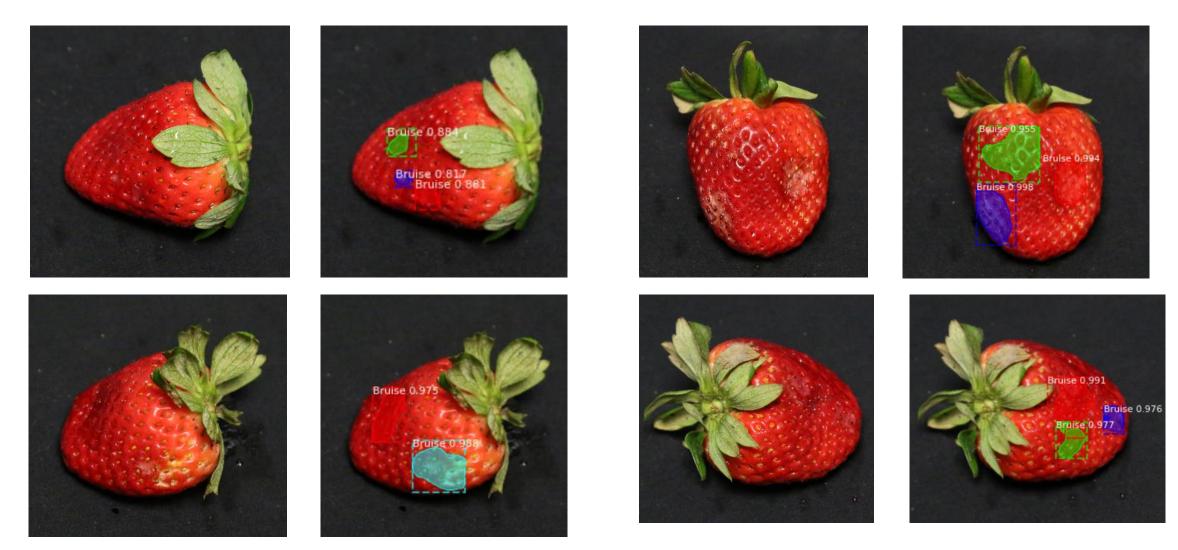




Mechanization of Strawberry Harvesting Harvest Croo Robotics



#### Strawberry bruise detection using deep learning PhD student: Xue Zhou



Zhou X., Lee W.S., Ampatzidis Y., Chen Y., Peres N., Fraisse C., 2021. Strawberry maturity classification from UAV and near-ground imaging using deep learning. Smart Agricultural Technology, 1, 100001, <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atech.2021.100001</u>.

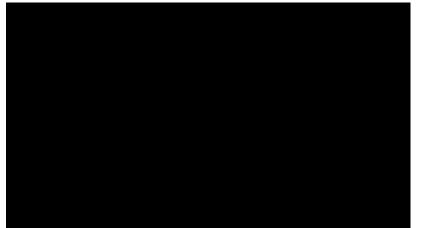
# Nutrient and Pest Management

### Artificial Intelligence for Precision Weed Management

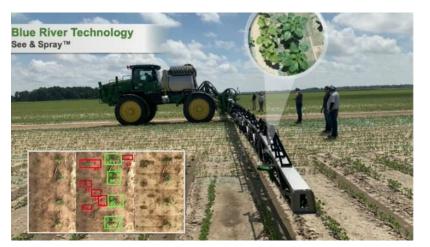
### Precision Weeding Blue River Technology



Carbon Robotics: Autonomous Laser-based weed elimination



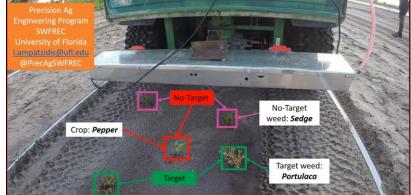
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vSPhhw-2ShI



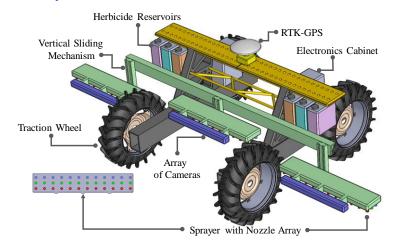


Smart Sprayer SWFREC, IFAS, UF

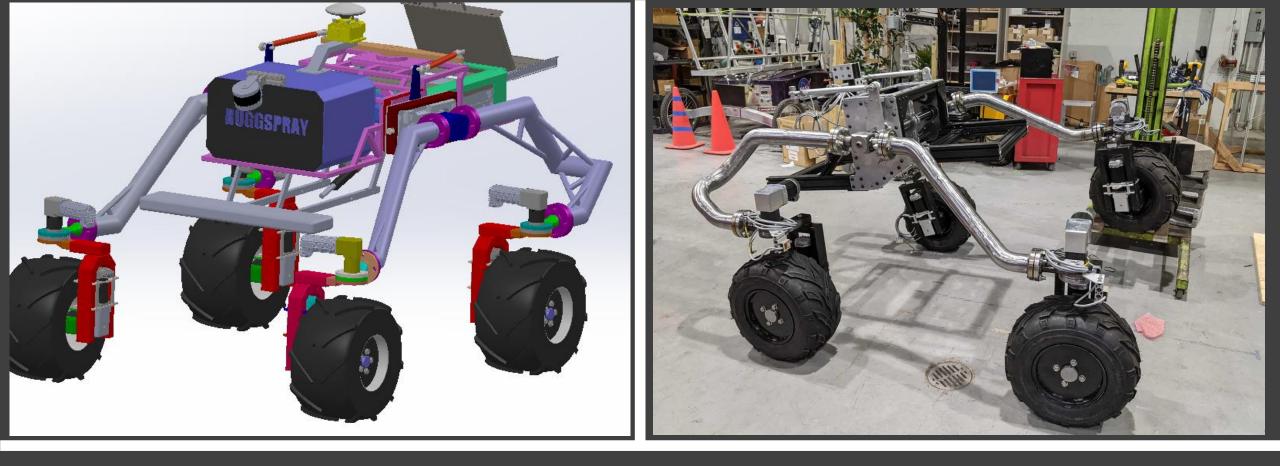
#### Smart Technology for Weed Management



#### https://twitter.com/i/status/1045013127593644032



NRI: INT: COLLAB: *High Throughput Multi-Robot Weed Management for Specialty Crop*. National Robotic Initiative (NRI), Nasional Research Foundation (NSF).



# Smart Technology for Precision Weed Management

# Traditional (manual) ACP Monitoring Tap Sample Method

Monitoring of ACP populations is an important tool in the integrated management of citrus greening. The most efficient way to estimate field populations of this insect is by monitoring the adults. Tap sampling has proven to provide data needed to make informed decisions for managing this insect pest (Qureshi and Stansly 2007).

How to sample:

1. Place back side of this2.sheet 1 foot under the branchbrto be sampled.or

2. Tap the selected branch with a PVC tube or your hand 3 times.

3. Quickly count the insects (beneficials and pests) that fall onto the paper. Pay special attention to ACP. 4. Write the number of insects from each sample on the provided datasheet for later reference and entry into a database.

### Automated system and method for monitoring and mapping insects (e.g. ACP) in orchards" using AI. U.S. patent application No. 62/696,089.



https://twitter.com/i/status/1110151596770500608

Partel V., Nunes L., Stansly P., and Ampatzidis Y., 2019. Automated Vision-based System for Monitoring Asian Citrus Psyllid in Orchards Utilizing Artificial Intelligence. Computers and Electronics in Agriculture, 162, 328-336.

**Collaborators**: Dr. Stansly

# UAVs in Agriculture



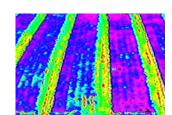




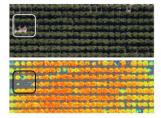








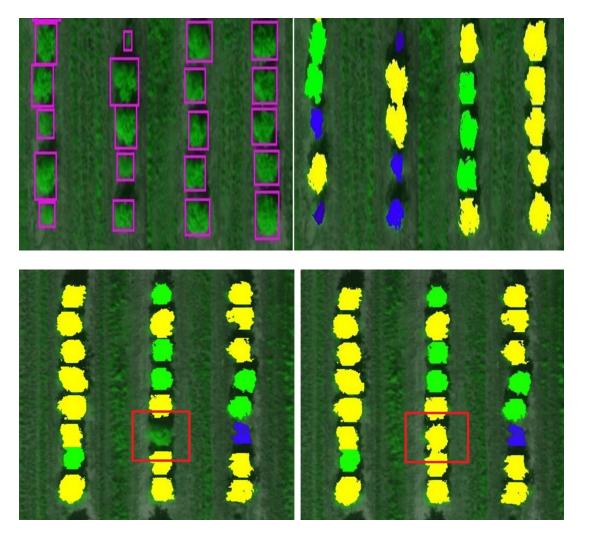




#### UAV-based Object Detection using Artificial Intelligence (AI)



Image Source: PrecisionMapper



Ampatzidis Y., and Partel V., 2019. UAV-based High Throughput Phenotyping in Citrus Utilizing Multispectral Imaging and Artificial Intelligence. Remote Sensing, 11(4), 410; doi: 10.3390/rs11040410.

# Agroview – sing in



#### <u>Awards</u>

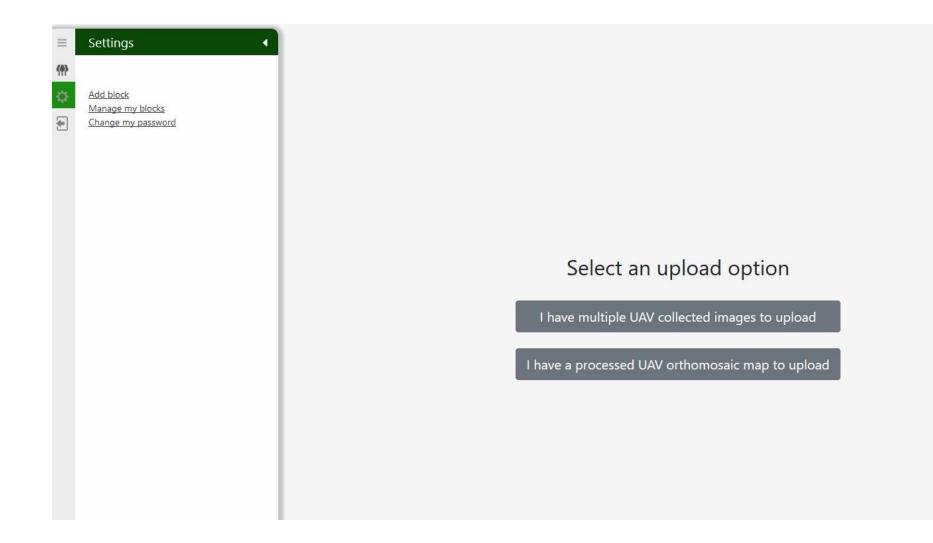
- 2020 UF Invention of the Year.
- 2021 ASABE AE50 winner (2020 top innovative new product).
- 1st Runner Up at the 2020 Florida Aerospace & Technology Competition.
- Finalist at the 2020 Cade Prize.

| Please sign in                  |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Email address                   |  |
| Password                        |  |
| □ Remember me                   |  |
| Sign in                         |  |
| or Create a free account        |  |
| Click here to view a demo field |  |

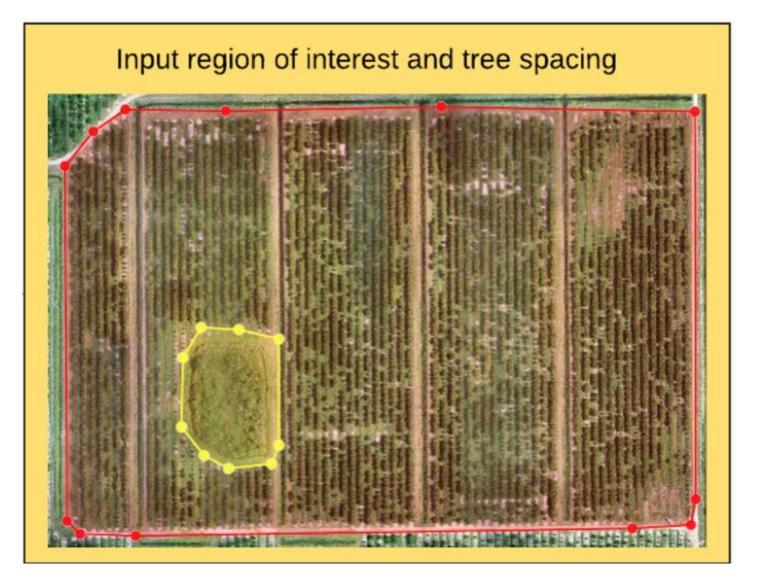
NVIDIA Applied Research Accelerator Award

- ➤ UAV and ground-based high throughput phenotyping in citrus utilizing artificial intelligence. Huanglongbing Multi-Agency Coordination (MAC) Group. Duration: 8/1/2019 7/31/2021.
- UAV-based high throughput phenotyping in specialty crops utilizing artificial intelligence. Florida Specialty Crop Block Grant Program - Farm Bill (SCBGP-FB). Duration: 1/1/2020 – 8/31/2022.

# Agroview – add block



# Agroview – create field boundaries



### Agroview – farm analytics



- Ampatzidis Y., Partel V., Costa L., 2020. Agroview: Cloud-based application to process, analyze and visualize UAV-collected data for precision agriculture applications utilizing artificial intelligence. *Computers and Electronics in Agriculture*, 174(July), 105157, doi.org/10.1016/j.compag.2020.105457.
- Costa L., Nunes L., Ampatzidis Y., 2020. A new visible band index (vNDVI) for estimating NDVI values on RGB images utilizing genetic algorithms. *Computers and Electronics in Agriculture*, 172 (May), 105334.

# Agroview – field analytics



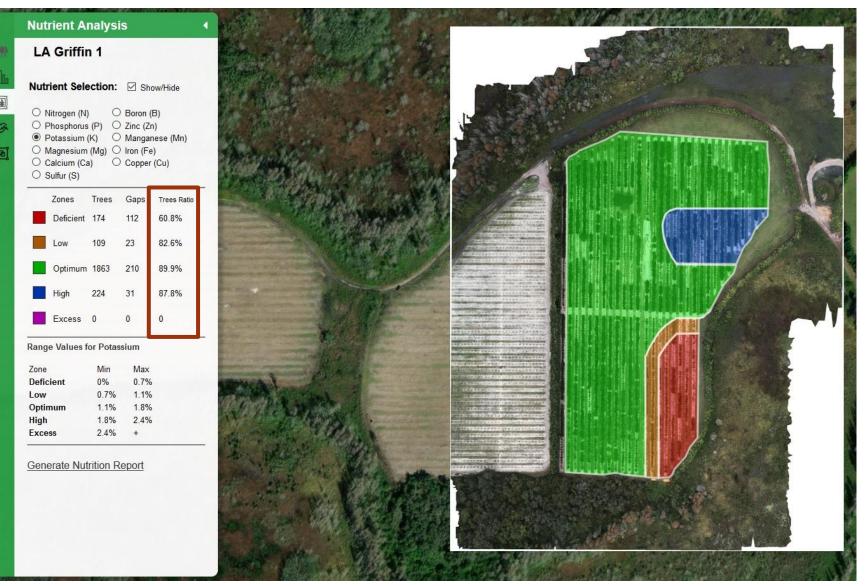
- ➤ UAV and ground-based high throughput phenotyping in citrus utilizing artificial intelligence. Huanglongbing Multi-Agency Coordination (MAC) Group. Duration: 8/1/2019 – 7/31/2021.
- UAV-based high throughput phenotyping in specialty crops utilizing artificial intelligence. Florida Specialty Crop Block Grant Program - Farm Bill (SCBGP-FB). Duration: 1/1/2020 – 8/31/2022.

Cloud-based application to process, analyze, and to visualize UAV collected data

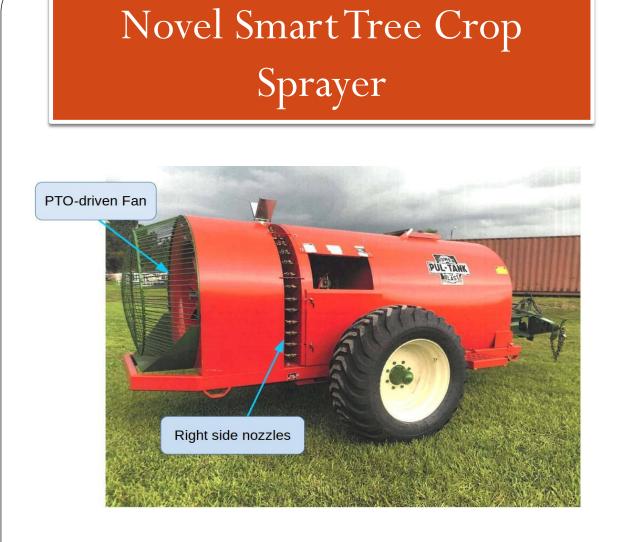


https://twitter.com/i/status/1202671242647490560

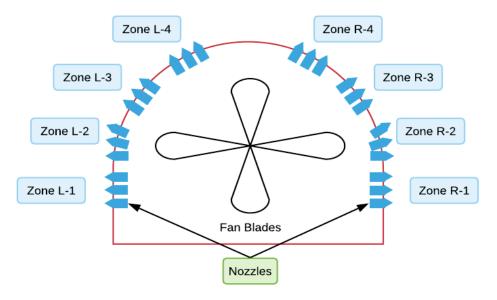
#### Best Management Practices Agroview - Nutrient Management



Costa L., Kunwar S., Ampatzidis Y., Albrecht U., 2021. Determining leaf nutrient concentrations in citrus trees using UAV imagery and machine learning. Precision Agriculture, <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s1119-021-09864-1</u>.

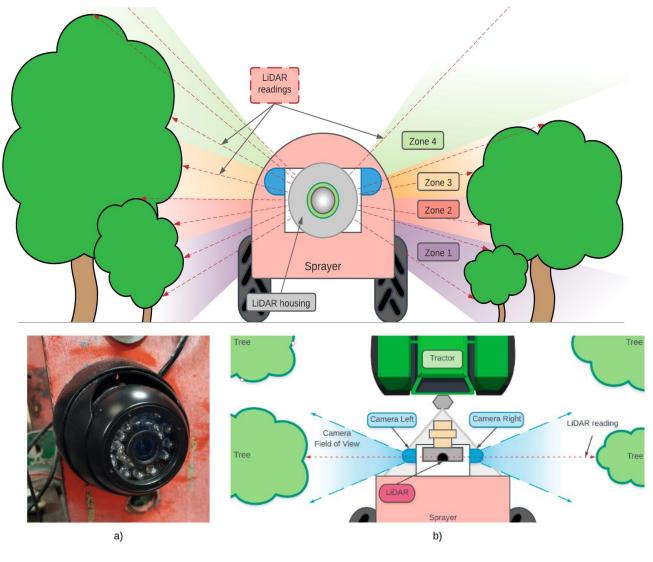






Smart and precision sprayer for tree crops. Florida Specialty Crop Block Grant Program - Farm Bill (SCBGP-FB). Duration: 1/1/2021 – 12/31/2022.

### Novel Smart Tree Crop Sprayer



a) RGB camera installed on the sprayer, b) top view of the schematic of the positioning of cameras and LiDAR on the sprayer

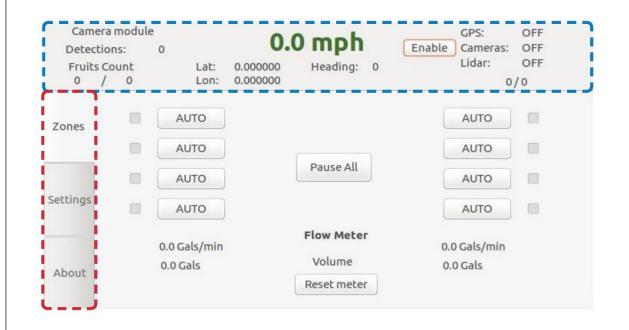
# Work Flow – Sensor Fusion





Partel V., Costa L., Ampatzidis Y., 2021. Smart tree crop sprayer utilizing sensor fusion and artificial intelligence. Computers and Electronics in Agriculture 191, <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.compag.2021.106556</u>.

### **Graphical User Interface**



| Detec    | era module<br>tions: 0<br>s Count La<br>/ 0 Lc |        |                   | oh<br>ing: 0  | Ena                | GPS:<br>ble Came<br>Lidar |                            | F    |
|----------|--|--------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------|
| Zones    | 🕑 Look Ahead                                   |        | 🗌 Manua           | Speed         |                    | Resets a                  | are <mark>d</mark> etected | i by |
|          | Distance between<br>sensor and valves          |        | - 4.0 mph +       |               |                    | Lowest sensor             |                            |      |
|          |  |        |                   |               |                    |                           |                            |      |
| Settings | - 118 Inches                                   | +      | Auto ol<br>when s | topped        |                    | All Trees                 | 5                          | \$   |
|          | Spray Buffer<br>Before: - 10 In                | ches + | Save curren       | t senttings a | s:<br>Save         | Fruit G Save              | counter<br>Data            |      |
| About    | After: - 10 In                                 | rage i |                   |               | Settings Templates |                           |                            |      |
|          | 1 2  | 3 4    | 5                 | 6             | 7                  | 8                         | 9                          | 10   |



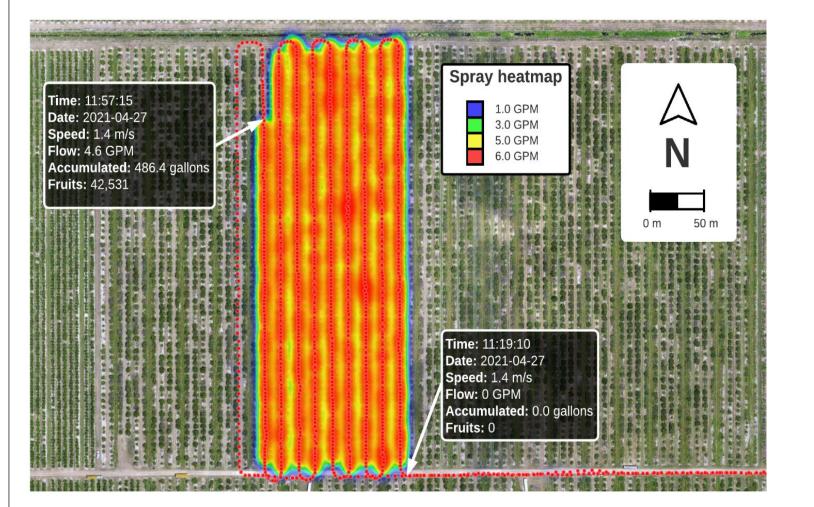
Smart Tree Sprayer using Artificial Intelligence (AI)



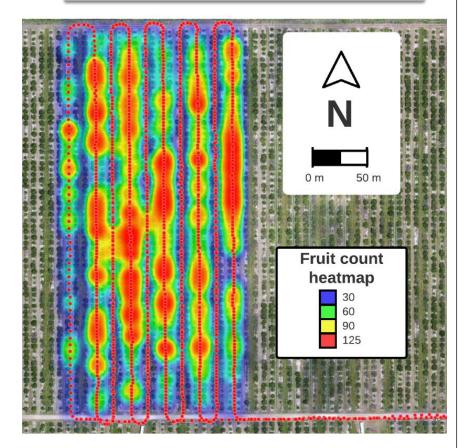
https://youtu.be/SZvmALvoSUQ?list=TLGGlrt2a6JeEp0xODAxMjAyMg

#### Smart Tree Sprayer using Artificial Intelligence (AI)

#### Spray path and spraying heat-map



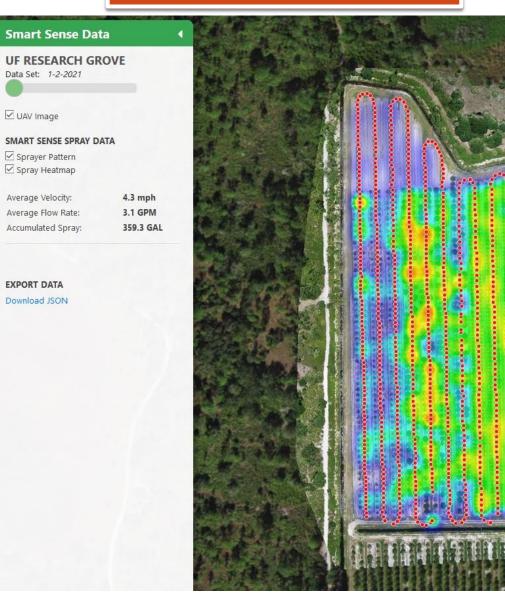
#### Fruit detection and fruit heat-map



#### Smart Tree Sprayer using Artificial Intelligence (AI)

#### Spray path and spraying heat-map

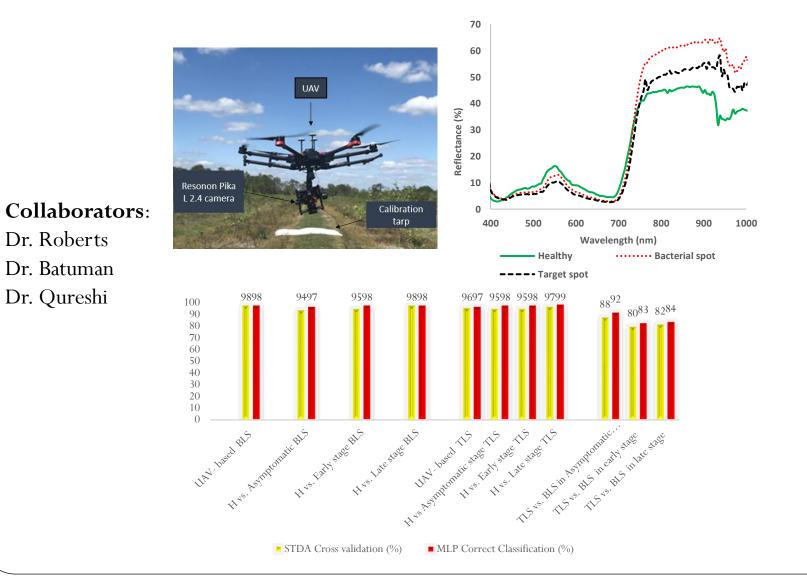
.

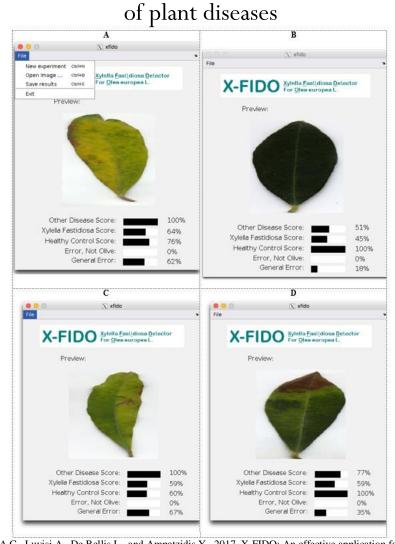


#### Fruit detection and fruit heat-map

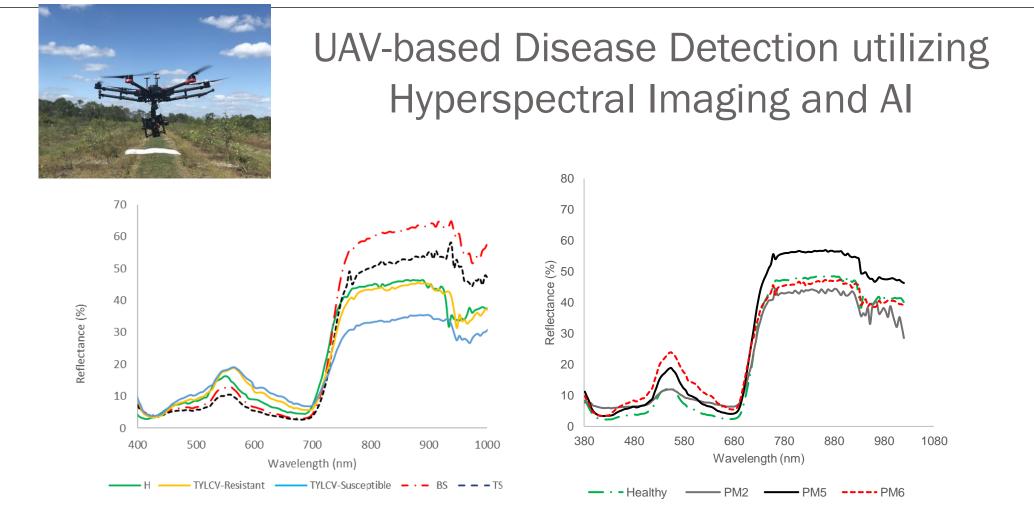


### Detection of crop diseases utilizing UAV-based hyperspectral imaging and Al Application for detecting symptoms





Cruz A.C., Luvisi A., De Bellis L., and Ampatzidis Y., 2017. X-FIDO: An effective application for detecting olive quick decline syndrome with novel deep learning methods. *Frontiers, Plant Sci.*, 10 October 2017 | https://doi.org/10.3389/fpls.2017.01741



Spectral reflectance signatures of *Tomato yellow leaf curl virus* (TYLCV, on susceptible and resistant tomato varieties), Bacterial Spot (BS), and Target Spot (TS) infected tomato plants.

Spectral reflectance signatures of healthy squash plants and Powdery Mildew (PM) infected plants in different disease development stages (asymptomatic, early and late stages).

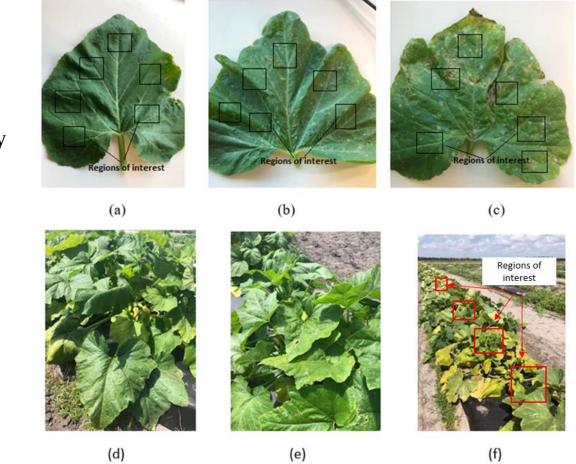
- Abdulridha J., Ampatzidis Y., Roberts P., Kakarla S.C., 2020. Detecting powdery mildew disease in squash at different stages using UAV-based hyperspectral imaging and artificial intelligence. *Biosystems Engineering*, 135-148; doi.org/10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2020.07.001.
- Abdulridha J., Ampatzidis Y., Kakarla S.C., Roberts P., 2019. Detection of target spot and bacterial spot diseases in tomato using UAV-based and benchtop-based hyperspectral imaging techniques. *Precision Agriculture*, (November) 1-24.

### UAV-based Disease Detection utilizing Hyperspectral Imaging and AI

Squash plants in different development stages of the powdery mildew disease.

The indoor pictures with regions of interest are: a) healthy leaf (prior to any disease detection in field), b) early symptoms (low disease severity), and c) late stage (high disease severity).

Outdoor data collection in different disease development stages are d) asymptomatic plants, e) initial symptomatic stage (low disease severity), and f) the late PM symptomatic stage (high disease severity).



Abdulridha J., Ampatzidis Y., Roberts P., Kakarla S.C., 2020. Detecting powdery mildew disease in squash at different stages using UAV-based hyperspectral imaging and artificial intelligence. *Biosystems Engineering*, 135-148; doi.org/10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2020.07.001.

### UAV-based Disease Detection utilizing Hyperspectral Imaging and AI

Laboratory spectral measurements of squash leaves using a benchtop hyperspectral imaging system.

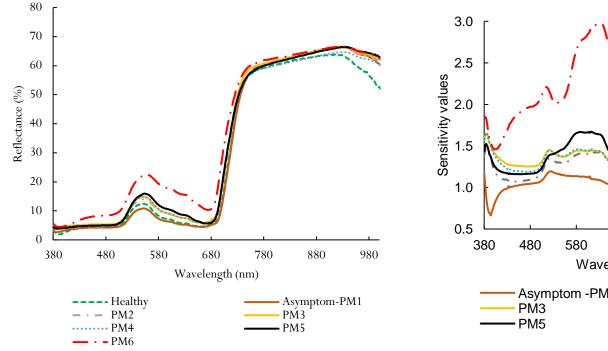


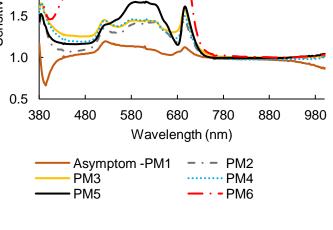


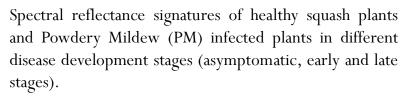
UAV-based imaging data collection with a hyperspectral Resonon camera

Abdulridha J., Ampatzidis Y., Roberts P., Kakarla S.C., 2020. Detecting powdery mildew disease in squash at different stages using UAV-based hyperspectral imaging and artificial intelligence. *Biosystems Engineering*, 135-148; doi.org/10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2020.07.001.

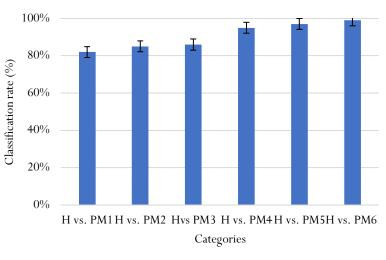
### UAV-based Disease Detection utilizing Hyperspectral Imaging and AI







Sensitivity values of PM-infected squash plants under laboratory conditions.



Lab-based

Analysis

Classification results and standard error (RBF method).

Abdulridha J., Ampatzidis Y., Roberts P., Kakarla S.C., 2020. Detecting powdery mildew disease in squash at different stages using UAV-based hyperspectral imaging and artificial intelligence. *Biosystems Engineering*, 135-148; doi.org/10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2020.07.001.



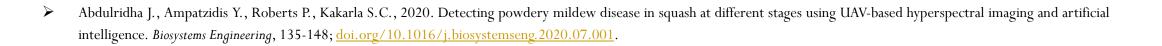
### UAV-based Disease Detection utilizing Hyperspectral Imaging and AI

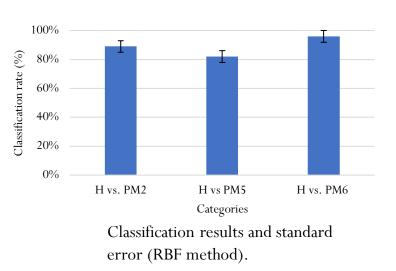
880

980

80 3.0 70 60 2.5 Sensitivity Values 1.5 20 1.0 10 0 0.5 680 780 980 380 480 580 880 380 480 580 680 780 Wavelength (nm) Wavelength (nm) - PM2 ..... PM5 - · · PM6 Healthy - · - PM2 — PM5 — · · PM6

UAV-based spectral reflectance signatures of healthy squash plants and PM-infected plants in different disease development stages (asymptomatic, early and late stages). UAV-based analysis: sensitivity values of PM-infected squash plants.

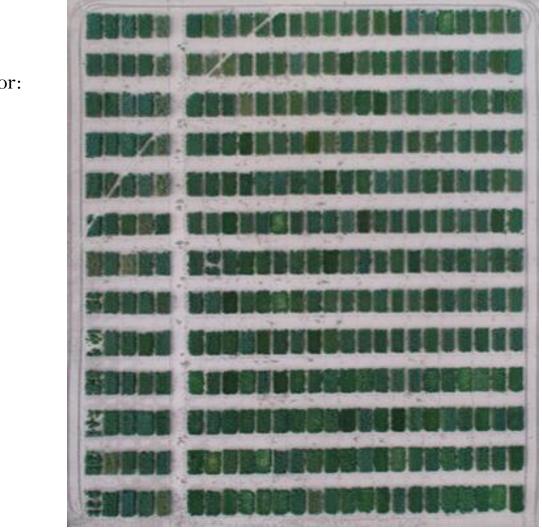




UAV-based

Analysis

# Yield prediction in winter wheat under stress environmental conditions



- Panel A: 40 genotypes (250 plots) (2018-2019) for heat stress tolerance.
- Panel B: 260 genotypes (2017-2018) under irrigated and drought conditions.
- Plot size: 5.1 m2 (3.3 x1.52 m)
- UAV-based hyperspectral data (400–1000 nm) at 200 ft
  (last fight: 1 month before harvest).



Collaborator: Dr. Babar

# Yield prediction in winter wheat under stress environmental conditions

Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE) for each group in the

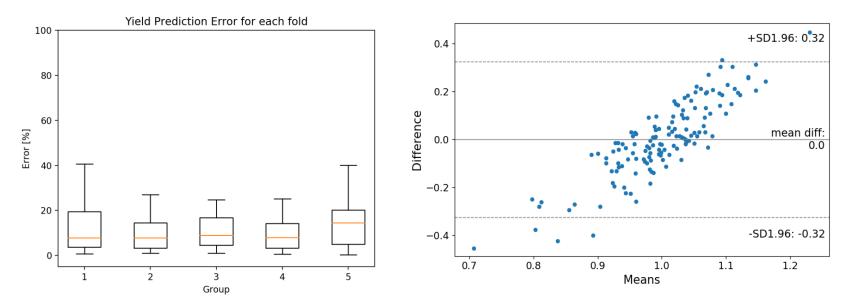
cross-validation of Panel A.

|      | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Group 4 | Group 5 | Mean  |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| MAPE | 15,6%   | 10,2%   | 12,2%   | 12,0%   | 17,1%   | 13.4% |

Whisker graph for the error in yield prediction

for Panel A.

Bland and Altman diagram in percentage for the Panel A dataset.



Plant breeding partnerships: More wheat crops under stress: multi-dimensional phenomics combined with genomics to improve heat stress resilience in wheat. USDA/AFRI. Budget: \$649,872 (w/ PI: Babar; Co-PIs: Guo, Reynolds). Duration: 12/1/2020 – 11/30/2024.

# **KIWI UAV Spraying System**







### **UAV-based EDIS Documentation**

- Kakarla S.C., and Ampatzidis Y., 2021. Types of unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), sensing technologies, and software for agricultural applications. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Ampatzidis Y., and Albrecht U., 2021. Drones and artificial intelligence to determine plant nutrient concentrations and develop fertility maps. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Gorucu S., and Ampatzidis Y., 2021. Drone injuries and safety recommendations. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Ampatzidis Y., and Wade T., 2020. Scouting with UAVs and AI in citrus production. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Kakarla S.C., De Morais L., and Ampatzidis Y., 2019. Pre-Flight and Flight Instructions on the Use of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) for Agricultural Applications. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Kakarla S.C., and Ampatzidis Y., 2019. Post-Flight Data Processing Instructions on the Use of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) for Agricultural Applications. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Kakarla S.C., and Ampatzidis Y., 2018. Instructions on the Use of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) for Agricultural Applications. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.
- Ampatzidis Y., 2018. Applications of Artificial Intelligence for Precision Agriculture. EDIS, University of Florida, IFAS Extension.



### Thanks for your attention!

Yiannis Ampatzidis Associate Professor Agricultural and Biological Engineering Department University of Florida Southwest Florida Research and Education Center, Immokalee Office: 239-658-3451 Email: i.ampatzidis@ufl.edu

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