

In-Service Training (IST#: 31110)/CEU Roundup (FDACS Program # 20920)

CCA Tracking #: FL 52403 (AM session) and FL 52402 (PM session)

## New Technology for Commercial and Fruit Vegetable Production (IV)

### Conference ID: 7834010

Polycom from 1306 Fifield Hall, Gainesville, Florida to 8 host sites statewide

#### Wednesday, February 24, 2016

County: City: Zip code:

#### Post-test

Name: (Use the same name or symbol for both pre- and post tests)

1. The most sustainable predatory mite to control twospotted spider mites in strawberry in Florida is:

- a. Phytoseiulus persimilis
  - b. Phytoseiulus acari

- c. Neoseuilus californicus
- d. Twopotted spider mite
- 2. Site specific pest management is an effective strategy (Select all that is correct)
  - a. Can be used effectively against pests that have a clumped distribution
  - b. Can be used effectively against very mobile pests

c. Is a good way to save on chemical inputs

d. Requires more sampling than whole plot

- 3. Converting seepage into center pivot irrigation can save \_\_\_\_\_irrigation water. a. 30-40% c. 40-50%
  - b. 50-60% d. 70-80%
- 4. The traditional fertilizer program is not quite suitable for overhead irrigation and reduces N use efficiency by\_\_\_\_\_

a.	0-5%	c.	15-25%
b.	5-15%	d.	25-30%

# 5. Life cycle assessment is a research tool to determine environmental impact of interrelated input components and processes for a product or practice. Which of the following statements about LCA is <u>false</u>?

- a. The first step is a life cycle inventory.
- b. A LCA model can be used to query the impact of system components and possible modifications of those components.
- 6. Ecosystem services can be defined or characterized as...
  - a. Benefits provided to humans from ecosystems
  - b. Landscape plants provided regulating ecosystem services
- 7. Profitability in a high tunnel depends on:
  - a. Grower expertise
  - b. Market
  - c. Soil fertility
- 8. Complete biodegradation refers to the oxidation of the compound to:
  - a.  $CO_2$  and corn starch
  - b.  $CO_2$  and  $H_2O$
  - c.  $H_2O$  and corn starch
- 9. Which of the following are outcomes of nutrient best management practices?
  - a. Increased crop plant growth and yield
  - b. Reduced nutrient leaching

- c. Landscape plants provided cultural ecosystem services
- d. A and B but not C  $% \left( {{{\mathbf{C}}_{{\mathbf{A}}}}_{{\mathbf{A}}}} \right)$
- e. A, B and C
- d. Weather patterns
- e. All of the above
- ipound to:
- d. Corn starch and microbes
- e. Microbes and plastic
- c. Potential for reduced disease and irrigation water use
- d. All of the above
- 10. Which of the following are NOT objectives of soil sampling?
  - a. Provide an index of nutrient availability for plant growth
  - b. Predict the probability of obtaining profitable response to fertilizer application
- c. Potential maximum yield
- d. Provide a basis for recommendations on the amount of fertilizer to apply

c. Has shown that a 2-in caliper tree has a larger

carbon footprint than Timberland winter boots. d. None of the above.

